Master of Arts in
Intelligence and Global Security

Course Descriptions

INTL 500 Research Methods in Security and Intelligence Studies ............ 3-3-0
Students will learn basic research methods for studying issues and problems in security and intelligence studies. They will gain proficiencies in research planning, data collection and analysis and in the various methodologies that are utilized by academic, governmental and corporate entities and the relationship of each to the study of social sciences. By using inductive and deductive approaches, the student will achieve an understanding of the theories of competing hypothesis design.

INTL 501 Strategic Intelligence .......................... 3-3-0
This course enables the student to examine and understand the difference between strategic or long term intelligence, from operational and tactical short term intelligence gathering. It analyzes the different methods of collection and tradecraft used in strategic collection. The course provides an appraisal of the intelligence cycle and the target centric approach to analysis. The course further addresses current U.S. laws and policies, as well as congressional oversight, of the methods and operational guidelines which affect the intelligence community.

INTL 502 Intelligence Operations .......................... 3-3-0
This course examines the concept and practice of intelligence operations. The course focus is to recognize the range of resources that are necessary to carry out intelligence operations. It identifies the tools, as well as techniques, that are related to successful operations and contrasts those techniques and tools that are lacking and result in failures.

INTL 503 Target-Concentric Analysis .......................... 3-3-0
This course describes a modern approach developed in 2002 for the collecting and analysis of data. This replaces the former intelligence cycle, which was popular during the Cold War era. It maintains the use of experts in analysis, but broadens participation in analysis of information to non-experts, in order to obviate bias as a factor when reviewing information. It also includes participation of the policy maker(s) in defining specific tasks and the expanded use of open-source intelligence.

INTL 504 Threat Analysis .......................... 3-3-0
This course analyzes current global security threats. It attempts to explain why these threats are prominent and offers possible solutions of both a short- and long-term strategy in coping with the new threats. The student will develop a comprehensive knowledge of threat analysis and how U.S. intelligence addresses such threats. It also examines the amount of involvement of foreign intelligence services during such actions.

INTL 505 International Terrorism .......................... 3-3-0
This course examines the risks of growing international terror acts, the organizations that figure most prominently as the perpetrators, and current strategies to prevent the growth of such groups. It also examines the history of terrorism and current trends with respect to financing, structure and weapons used by terrorist groups.

INTL 506 Cyber Crime Analysis .......................... 3-3-0
This course examines the proliferation of cyber criminal activity in the 20th and 21st centuries. It defines the threat of such activity and its implications to U.S. and global security. It advances ways to deal with and prevent the spread of cyber criminal activity and addresses the methods used in conducting criminal investigations into cyber crime. The course also assesses the degree to which such activity has influenced transnational criminal activity.
This course examines Homeland Security from its inception after 9/11, describing why it was created and what agencies were merged to form it. This course affords knowledge of the mission and responsibilities of the Department of Homeland Security under the Homeland Security Act. The course also evaluates the changes in Homeland Security since its inception and its current duties and responsibilities.

This course addresses the collection of intelligence and analyzes how such collection is formatted into intelligence briefs used by policy makers. It synthesizes a variety of writing techniques to create a short, decisive and informative report, retrieved from volumes of data.

The student must select a topic of research. The topic must be chosen with the consent of the Graduate Review Committee. The research conducted by the student will be presented in his/her research paper to the Graduate Review Committee in order to be nominated to graduate with the MA degree. Prerequisite: The student must successfully complete all other program requirements with a Q.P.A of 3.0 or better.